Table 3.E6.—Aged families receiving Social Security benefits, by share of income from benefits and race, 1997 [Civilian noninstitutionalized population]

Social Security share of money income for year ¹	Individuals aged 65 or older living alone or with nonrelatives only				Multiperson families with householder aged 65 or older			
	Total	Nonpoor	Poor	Percent poor	Total	Nonpoor	Poor	Percent poor
	All races ²							
Total number (in thousands)	10,624	8,396	2,227		11,416	10,682	734	
Total percent	100	100	100	21	100	100	100	6
No Social Security benefits	8 92 8 18 21 44	6 94 11 22 24 38	18 82 1 3 11 67	45 19 1 3 11 32	8 92 22 26 19 25	6 94 23 27 20 23	30 70 1 8 10 51	24 5 2 3 13
	White							
Total number (in thousands)	9,433	7,680	1,753		10,072	9,615	457	
Total percent	100	100	100	19	100	100	100	5
No Social Security benefits	8 92 9 19 21 44	6 94 11 22 24 38	17 83 1 3 10 70	41 17 1 3 9 30	7 93 22 27 20 24	6 94 23 28 20 23	32 68 6 11 50	21 3 1 3 9
	Black							
Total number (in thousands)	1,045	627	418		916	722	193	
Total percent	100	100	100	40	100	100	100	21
No Social Security benefits Some Social Security benefits Less than one-fourth of income One-fourth up to one-half of income One-half up to three-fourths Three-fourths or more of income	13 87 5 15 18 49	8 92 9 22 20 41	19 81 4 15 62	61 37 2 10 33 50	9 91 24 22 13 31	8 92 30 24 15 24	14 86 4 15 8 60	33 20 3 14 12 41

¹ Payments under Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance program any time in 1997 to any family member as reported in the March 1998 Current Population Survey. For 1987, according to program records, receipt of Social Security benefits reported by survey respondents represented 92 percent of aggregate Social Security

Source: Public use file of the March 1998 Income Supplement, Current Population Survey, U.S. Census. For a discussion of standard errors of estimated numbers and percentages, see Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, P-60 series.

payments.

² Includes other races.

³ Less than 0.05 percent.